Enrollment No: $\qquad$

## C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Summer Examination-2017

## Subject Name: Business Statistics

Subject Code: 4MS02BST1
Branch: BBA
Semester: 2
Date: 06/05/2017
Time: 02:00 To 05:00
Marks: 70

Instructions:
(1) Use of Programmable calculator \& any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
(2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
(3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
(4) Assume suitable data if needed.

## Q-1 Attempt the following questions:

a) Give the formula for General law of Addition in Probability.
b) What do you mean by descriptive statistics? 01
c) What is kurtosis?
d) Give basic difference between parameter and statistic. 01
e) Define Ogive. 01
f) What do you mean by sample? 01
g) Calculate the arithmetic mean for $15,13,18,25$ and 28 . 01
h) Define percentile. 01
i) Calculate the first quartile for 106,109,114,116. 01
j) Define Experiment. 01
k) What is a pareto chart? 01
l) What is interquartile range? 01
m) What do you mean by complementary event? 01
n) Define Correlation.

Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8
Q-2 Attempt all questions
a. Determine the value of coefficient of correlation $r$, for the following data

| X | 4 | 6 | 7 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | 18 | 12 | 13 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 4 |

b. Compute the mean and variance on the following sample data.

| Class Interval | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10-under 15 | 6 |
| 15-under20 | 22 |
| 20-under25 | 35 |
| 25-under30 | 29 |
| 30-under35 | 16 |
| 35-under40 | 8 |


| 40 -under45 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 45 -under50 | 2 |

Q-3
a. Explain the four common levels of data measurement.
b. Construct a stem and leaf plot using two digits for the stem.

| 212 | 239 | 240 | 218 | 222 | 249 | 265 | 224 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 257 | 271 | 266 | 234 | 239 | 219 | 255 | 260 |
| 243 | 261 | 249 | 230 | 246 | 263 | 235 | 229 |
| 218 | 238 | 254 | 249 | 250 | 263 | 229 | 221 |
| 253 | 227 | 270 | 257 | 261 | 238 | 240 | 239 |
| 273 | 220 | 226 | 239 | 258 | 259 | 230 | 262 |

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## Attempt all questions

a. Construct a histogram and a frequency polygon for the following data.

| Class Interval | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 -under20 | 9 |
| 20-under30 | 7 |
| 30 -under 40 | 10 |
| 40-under50 | 6 |
| 50 -under60 | 13 |
| 60 -under70 | 18 |
| 70 -under80 | 15 |

b. Construct an ogive for the following data:

| Class Interval | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3-under6 | 2 |
| 6-under9 | 5 |
| 9-under12 | 10 |
| 12-under15 | 11 |
| 15-under18 | 17 |
| 18-under21 | 5 |

## Q-5 Attempt all questions

a. Determine the value of r for the following data.

| X | 158 | 296 | 87 | 110 | 436 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y | 349 | 510 | 301 | 322 | 550 |

b. What are the different uses of statistics in business?

## Attempt all questions

a. The client company data from ABB Ltd. Reveal that 155 employees worked one of four types of positions. The table below depicts the same. If an employee of the company is selected randomly, what is the probability that the employee is female or a professional worker?

| Type of |  | Sex |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female |  |  |
|  | Managerial | 8 | 3 | 11 |
|  | Professional | 31 | 13 | 44 |
|  | Technical | 52 | 17 | 69 |

b. Explain Bayes' Rule in Probability

## Attempt all questions

a. Differentiate between Parametric and Non-Parametric Test.
b. A survey of the morning beverage market shows that the primary breakfast
beverage for $17 \%$ of Indians is milk. A milk producer in Gujarat, where milk is plentiful, believes the figure is higher for Gujarat. To test this idea, he contacts a random sample of 550 Gujarat residents and asks which primary beverage they consumed for breakfast that day. Suppose 115 replied that milk was the primary beverage. Using a level of significance of .05 , test the idea that the milk figure is higher for Gujarat.

## Q-8

Attempt all questions
a. Which are the different random sampling techniques?
b. A specialist in hotel administration stated that the number of employees in a hotel can be estimated by counting the number of rooms in the hotel. A business analyst decided to develop a regression model in an attempt to predict the number of employees of a hotel by the number of rooms. He surveyed 12 hotels and obtained the following data.

| No.of rooms | Employees | No.of rooms | Employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | 69 | 50 | 138 |
| 29 | 95 | 54 | 178 |
| 29 | 102 | 64 | 156 |
| 35 | 118 | 66 | 184 |
| 42 | 126 | 67 | 176 |
| 46 | 125 | 78 | 225 |
|  |  |  |  |



